

GRADES 6-8

Our Solar System

Explore the many worlds—planets, moons, dwarf planets, comets, and asteroids—that orbit the Sun. Our Solar System is much more than a star and eight planets; it is home to a set of diverse and amazing objects that we are only beginning to understand.

Guide Overview

This guide includes suggestions for how to engage your students and facilitate an age-appropriate learning experience in the **Our Solar System** exhibit.

Highlights & Related Questions



FIND Have the student find and investigate the information panel about the planet that most interests them.

DO Encourage the students to interact with the iPad, seeing the planet and its moons up close. Have the students compare and contrast the planet they chose to Earth.

ASK What are three things you didn't know about this planet before or that surprised you? Describe features of the planet that are similar to or different from Earth.

FIND Have the students find the large meteorite on the table near the café.

DO Encourage the students to touch the meteorite sample. It's from space!

ASK What do you think this item is? Where do you think they came from? A piece of rock or metal from space that has fallen to Earth called a meteorite. This one likely originated from the Asteroid Belt between Mars and Jupiter. Can you use context clues to guess what it's made of? Metal, mostly iron and nickel.

FIND Have the students locate the model of the Mars Rover. Explain that this is a model of the Spirit and Opportunity rovers that have been on Mars since 2004, investigating the surface and sending back information to Earth.





Which parts of the rover can you identify? Answers can include wheels, camera, solar panels, antennae. How do you think the rover is powered? It gets energy from the Sun, converted through solar panels. How do you think it gets instructions for direction? Answers can include satellites sending signals, picked up by the two antennae. What sorts of things would we want to learn about Mars by going there? We want to learn about the climate and geologic history, including if there was ever liquid water on the surface. How is Mars similar or different to Earth?



FIND Have the students find the three stations near the windows where they can touch rocks from other worlds.

DO Direct the students to choose one station to investigate and touch the rock sample.

Press the buttons at the stations to hear scientists explain how we know where these rocks originate.

ASK How does the rock feel? What do you notice? Based on what the scientist in the video says, how do we know this rock is from another world? By studying its age and composition, and comparing it to rocks on Earth. What can we learn from these rocks? We can learn about the history and composition of other worlds by studying the rocks that originate from there.



FIND Instruct the students to find the Departures and Arrivals of spacecraft interactive screens, behind the Mars Rover near the main hallway.

Have the students investigate three spacecrafts that will be launched soon, or are on their way to a destination. They can do this by touching a specific craft on the screen.

ASK Where are these spacecraft going? Outer space, planets. What do scientists hope to learn by sending them there? More information about our Solar System.

What are some reasons sending spacecraft on these missions is better than sending humans? Safety: if the craft malfunctions, no humans are harmed. There are also dangers in space like radiation and freezing temperatures that would hurt humans. Distance: the worlds these crafts are going to visit are incredibly far away. The machines will not return to Earth.

